

EVIA Compliance Advisory Regulatory Activities & Initiatives Grid; 2021

Full Grid and Outlook Below

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Highlights from the Regulatory calendar - Tables turned as FCA receives public censure.

UK regulators continue to focus on the impacts of the pandemic, but 2021 will also see regulatory change in the UK, not only in the substance of the rules, but in the way they are formed and supervised.

At the end of 2020, the FCA found itself having to react to the long-awaited independent reviews of its action in relation to the failure of the [Connaught Income Fund](#) and [London Capital & Finance](#). Its responses are likely to change some of the ways that the FCA interacts with firms.

The outcomes of two independent reviews on the FCA were published in December and the FCA came in for some heavy criticism. The independent reviews investigated whether the FCA reacted, and then responded, appropriately in relation to the failure of the [Connaught Income Fund](#) and [London Capital & Finance](#).

The two reports make a total of 14 recommendations, most of which are unlikely to be viewed by readers as unique to the specific subject matter of these reviews, innovative or developmental. Many of the recommendations simply articulate the basic and presumed elements of an effective regulator and thereby indicate the size of the challenge for the FCA.

In [response](#), the FCA has accepted all recommendations and has outlined the key actions it will undertake in the next six months, including:

- **Restructuring the FCA** to join up its policy, supervision and competition functions under two new Executive Directors, so it can better translate insights into risks and warnings, and act upon them.
- Becoming a **more data-enabled regulator** to transform the way it handles and prioritises information and intelligence.

- **Enhancing training** for all frontline Supervisory, Authorisation and Enforcement staff to give them greater confidence in knowing when and how to intervene using relevant intelligence held across the FCA.
- Taking forward a range of new measures and initiatives **to tackle scams**.
- **Recruiting additional prudential specialists** to act as quality assurance and assess firms with complex business models, including where they combine regulated and unregulated activity.
- **Managing down firms' unused regulatory permissions** by conducting a "use it or lose it" exercise, to reduce the risk of firms having a permission to carry out regulated activity purely to add credibility to their unregulated activities.

The FCA Board and its Audit and Risk Committees will oversee implementation of the recommendations and will provide an update in the FCA's next annual report.

Post-Transition: ongoing uncertainty

The Transition Period for the UK's withdrawal from the EU has ended, with the future EU-UK Trade and Co-operation Agreement (TCA) [agreed](#) at the eleventh hour. Financial services are covered only in a limited manner in the main body of the agreement. The likelihood of their broader inclusion (especially for retail markets) was always very low, and most firms had planned on this basis. However, critical issues remain unresolved or uncertain, including:

- EU decisions on the equivalence of the UK's current financial services regulation and supervision. Non-binding political declarations released alongside the trade agreement commit the EU and the UK to agree a way forward by end-March 2021.
- The availability of run-off regimes for contracts entered into prior to the end of 2020.
- The transfer of personal data, which is covered by temporary arrangements for up to six months.
- The need (or not) for work permits.

UK firms and funds can no longer use the EU passports. The critical questions, therefore, are if and how quickly any equivalence decisions will be confirmed (both by the EU and by the UK) and what national arrangements are or might be put in place to smooth the impact of the end of the Transition Period. The UK has already issued several equivalence judgements on the EU, but the EU has issued only two, time-limited equivalence decisions on the UK.

Just before the end of the Transition Period, the [FCA](#) and [PRA](#) published final onshoring instruments, related guidance and Temporary Transitional Power (TTP) directions to ensure a functioning regulatory and legal framework for financial services continues to be in place.

Specifically, the FCA [announced](#) it would use its TTP to allow firms subject to the UK **Derivatives Trading Obligation** (DTO) to trade with, or on behalf of, EU clients subject to the EU DTO and to transact or execute those trades on an EU venue, if the venue is a UK-Recognised Overseas Investment Exchange, has applied under the Temporary Permissions Regime or its activities meet all the conditions required to benefit from the Overseas Person Exclusion.

The FCA also published a useful [supervisory statement](#) that brings together in one document how it will operate the **pre-and post-trade transparency regime under UK MiFID II/MiFIR**.

The end of the Brexit Transition period passed relatively quietly in financial services, with the FCA introducing some changes to smooth the transition. Discussions on equivalence continue, but the UK is already showing signs of divergence from certain EU rules. The PRA plans to consult on moving away from the latest EU capital treatment of software assets. The MiFIR open access regime is intended to stop the practice of trading venues requiring exchange-traded derivatives to be cleared at a CCP under common ownership. The application of the regime continues to be delayed in the EU, but HM Treasury [confirmed](#) at end-2020 that the regime would continue to apply in the UK from 1 January 2021, but it will be reviewed this year.

The way in which the future process and responsibilities for forming UK regulation will work in practice has been indicated by the structure of HM Treasury's consultation on crypto-assets. The Government has set policy objectives and principles and a regulatory perimeter, but it proposes that rules and requirements should be designed and implemented by the relevant regulators.

As expected, December saw a concerted focus by UK and EU regulators on Brexit and the end of the transition period. The UK and EU agreed a Trade and Cooperation Agreement. Key provisions in the agreement include access to payment and clearing systems operated by public entities and a prudential carve-out (which enables the UK and EU to adopt measures for prudential reasons).

- Both parties also agreed a joint declaration to establish a framework for regulatory cooperation, allowing for transparency and dialogue in the process of adopting, suspending, or withdrawing equivalence decisions.
- Amongst the volumes of Brexit-related regulation and guidance published in December, the BoE and PRA published a statement of policy detailing their approach to interpreting EU guidelines and recommendations following the UK's withdrawal from the EU and the end of the transition period.

The BoE also published amendments under the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, including the final PRA Rulebook (EU Exit) Instrument, PRA transitional direction, and related guidance documents.

- The FCA published final on-shoring instruments, related guidance and Temporary Transitional Power (TTP) directions that became applicable at the end of the transition period. It also published a statement on the use of the TTP to modify the UK's derivatives trading obligation (DTO) and a Supervisory Statement on the Operation of the MiFID Markets Regime.
- Elsewhere, EIOPA released its Opinion on the 2020 Solvency II review. The Opinion is one of the key inputs that the European Commission will consider as it develops the package of changes that it will present for adoption over the course of 2021. The Opinion covers, inter alia, the risk margin, the long-term guarantees package, the solvency capital requirement standard formula, proportionality, reporting, group supervision, macroprudential policy and insurance guarantee schemes.
- The EBA published its revised assessment of the industry-wide impact of implementing Basel 3.1 in the EU, setting out the EBA's expectation of a reduced impact on Minimum Required Capital (MRC) compared to its estimations in its previous reports, owing to reduced impact from the Output Floor and revisions to the proposed CVA framework.

Competition Law; In Jan 2021 FCA recently uncovered evidence that suggested a potential competition law infringement by two trading venues. This related to a suggested/potential joint approach to commercialise market data. We issued formal 'on notice' letters to these firms.

- Firms need to make sure they comply with competition law. We remind regulated firms of their duty to notify us if they have or believe they may have committed a significant infringement of competition law (under Sup 15.3.32 and following). The FCA does also encourage firms and individuals to use our whistleblowing regime.
- For more information about our competition activities, please refer to the FCA's Approach to Competition.

BoE and the FCA decided to defer implementation of CRR2 and IFPR to 1 January 2022.

- Their statement noted that HMT and the PRA's April statement on Basel 3.1 implementation, setting out their intention to implement Basel 3.1 in line with the BCBS' revised deadline of 1 January 2023, still applies.
- Rishi Sunak, Chancellor of the Exchequer, gave a statement to the House of Commons on the future of financial services and the post-Brexit regulatory environment. HMT published a guidance document setting out its detailed approach to the equivalence procedures, highlighting that the UK has decided to

incorporate almost all EU equivalence determinations into UK law. However, the UK Government has not on-shored decisions regarding Central Counterparties (CCPs).

COVID-19: regulatory implementation

The UK government is looking at ways in which financial services can help support recovery, including plugging the large hole in the Exchequer's finances. On 9 January, it [announced](#) that the **dormant assets regime** will be widened to cover the insurance, pensions, investment and wealth management, and securities sectors. This is the result of a four-year review that started before the pandemic, so is not a surprise and has broad industry support, but it will require participating firms to amend documentation and develop specific processes.

The priority will continue to be locating and reuniting people with their financial assets. Where that is not possible, firms may voluntarily transfer dormant assets into the scheme. People are able to reclaim their assets in full at any time. Since 2011, 30 banks and building societies have enabled the release of over £745 million from dormant accounts that have been inactive for at least 15 years, £150 million of which was unlocked in May 2020 to support the charity and voluntary sectors.

The ongoing issue relating to whether policyholders have valid claims under their **Business Interruption insurance** has now reached a conclusion. The Supreme Court has substantially allowed the FCA's [appeal](#) on behalf of policyholders. This completes the legal process for impacted policies and means that many thousands of policyholders will now have their claims for coronavirus-related business interruption losses paid.

During the initial onset of the pandemic, the FCA and the PRA allowed some flexibility in the **application of the SMCR rules**. On 18 December 2020, they published statements for [dual-regulated](#) and [solo-regulated](#) firms outlining their expectations that firms' application of the rules should return to normal. The FCA published a similar [statement](#) on the Approved Persons Regime.

The FCA's [Market Watch 66](#) emphasises its expectation that firms should have adapted policies, controls and oversight around **telephone recording and electronic communication** to take account of risks arising from alternative working arrangements, including increased homeworking.

Finally, the FCA has been consulting on new guidance for [consumer credit](#) firms and [mortgage lenders](#) in relation to **repossession**s. They are now possible for consumer credit contracts from 31 January, but the ban on repossession relating to mortgages is to be extended until 1 April 2021.

Accountability and remuneration

The PRA's first [evaluation](#) of the **Senior Managers and Certification Regime (SMCR)** confirms that the introduction of the SMCR has helped ensure that senior individuals in PRA-regulated firms take greater responsibility for their actions, with a large majority (around 95%) of the firms surveyed saying the SMCR was having a positive effect on individual behaviour. The report's nine proposed follow-up actions and recommendations do not propose any radical changes but clarifications around items such as misconduct reporting in regulatory references, further articulation of the link between SMCR and remuneration adjustments, and whether board responsibilities and individual accountability are mutually reinforcing.

The EU's fifth Capital Requirements Directive (CRD V) amends certain **remuneration provisions**, which the UK was required to transpose into UK law by 28 December 2020. The PRA amended [Supervisory Statement 2/17](#), and the FCA published [Policy Statement 20/16](#) and updated guidance via FAQs for [dual-regulated](#) and [IFPRU](#) investment firms' remuneration codes. The amendments aim to ensure there is greater proportionality in the application of the codes. Other items include adding categories of staff who must be included as material risk takers, amending the minimum deferral and clawback periods, and introducing a new requirement for firms to have gender neutral remuneration policies and practices.

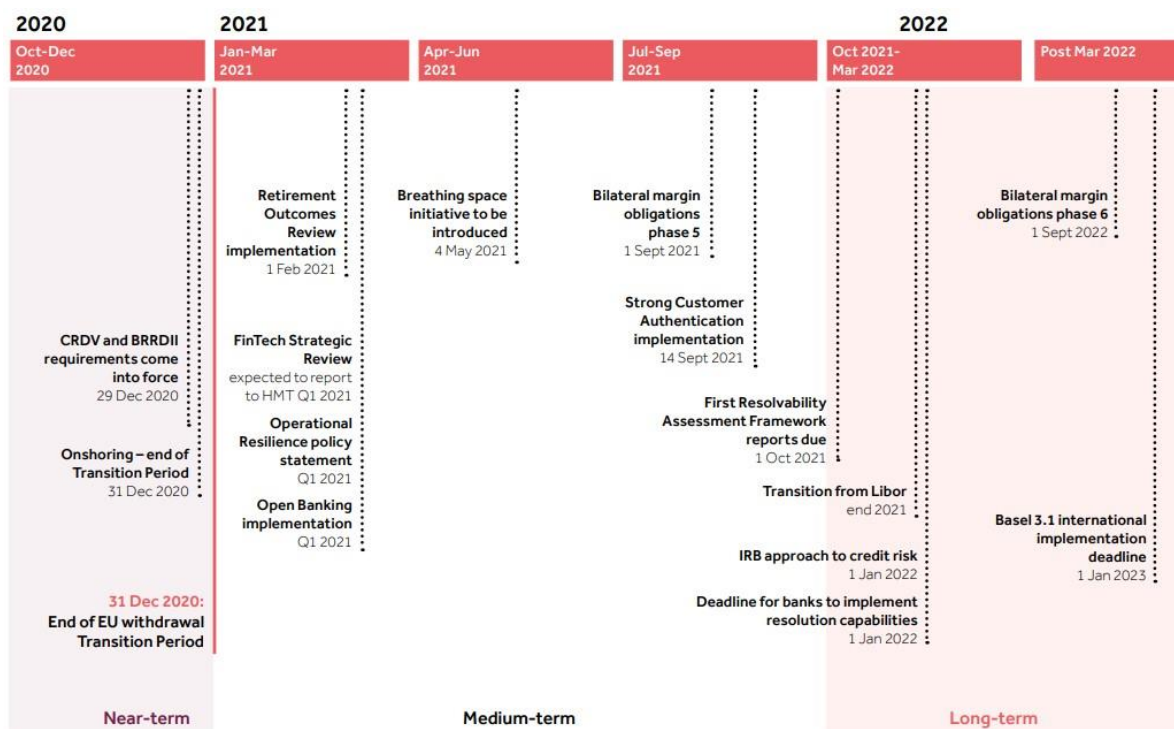
Managing the risks of crypto-assets

HM Treasury perceives that the small but rapidly growing **crypto-asset and stablecoins market** is now at a stage of development where it is necessary to [consult](#) on the regulatory framework. The government wishes to support innovation but to ensure that the technology is reliable and safe for consumers and markets. The consultation sets policy objectives and principles and a regulatory perimeter but proposes that requirements for firms are designed and implemented by the relevant regulators – the BoE, the FCA and the Payment Systems Regulator. It proposes an approach in which the use of currently unregulated tokens and associated activities primarily used for speculative investment purposes, such as Bitcoin, would initially remain outside the perimeter for conduct and prudential purposes but would be subject to the financial promotions regime (if [proposals](#) are adopted) and AML/CTF regulation.

The use of stablecoins is rising, which could play an important role in retail and cross-border payments but also pose risks to financial stability, market integrity and consumers. The government proposes to introduce a regulatory regime for stable tokens used as a means of payments. Stable tokens are tokens that stabilise their value by referencing one or more assets, such as fiat currency or a commodity (i.e. those commonly known as stablecoins). The category could include tokenised forms of

central bank money. This classification is agnostic on the technology underpinning the tokens, i.e. it is not necessarily distributed ledger technology (DLT).

The consultation also includes a call for evidence on the use of crypto-assets in investment and wholesale markets; specifically, if any areas of existing regulation require amendment to support the use of security tokens, and how DLT could be used to support financial market infrastructure.



At the EU-level, the EBA issued a significant discussion paper on incorporating ESG risks into the governance, risk management and supervision of credit institutions and investment firms.

- The paper focused on four main areas:
 - firstly, creating common definitions of ESG risks and factors;
 - secondly, the quantitative and qualitative indicators, metrics and methods for assessing ESG risks;
 - thirdly, current practices of integrating ESG risks into firms' business strategies and governance;
 - and finally, the integration of ESG risks into the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP).
- The discussion paper precedes a final report due in mid-2021, which will then be followed by updates to the EBA's Guidelines and potential recommendations to make changes to level 1 legislation, bringing ESG risks into the remit of

prudential supervisors. On the international front, the FSB released a review of the market turmoil in March 2020.

- The review found that the breadth and dynamics of the economic shock and related liquidity stress in March were unprecedented, and underscored the need to strengthen the resilience of non-bank financial intermediation (NBFi).
- The review sets out an NBFi work programme, which focuses on three main areas: examining and addressing specific risk factors and markets that contributed to amplification of the shock; enhancing understanding of systemic risks in NBFi and the financial system as a whole, including interactions between banks and non-banks and cross-border spillovers; and assessing policies to address systemic risks in NBFi.

Benchmark Reform

Foreign exchange benchmarks						
Subject	AM	Voting	+	-	o	Result
Provisional agreement	AM 2	693	592	3	98	ADOPTED

Insurers switch to SONIA

The PRA is [consulting](#) until end-March 2021 on the transition away from LIBOR as regards the rates and spreads used by insurers in calculating the matching adjustment and volatility adjustment. Since end-2020 (post-Transition), the PRA has been required to publish technical information (TI) that includes the risk-free rates for each currency. Those rates must be based on financial instruments that are traded on a deep, liquid and transparent market.

The PRA proposes to transition to SONIA swap rates for the GBP TI references, from end-July 2021, and to transition the JPY and USD TI references to an Overnight Indexed Swap rate (OIS), on dates yet to be determined. Given that GBP LIBORs are currently higher than the equivalent SONIA rates, the transition could lead to increased technical provisions for insurers. The PRA therefore proposes some mitigating measures, including in relation to transitional relief and the calculation of long-term average spread.

EP adopts BMR amending Regulation to address benchmark cessation risks and exempt certain third-country FX benchmarks; On 19 January, the EP announced that it has adopted its position at first reading on the proposed Regulation amending the BMR

as regards the exemption of certain third-country FX benchmarks and the designation of replacement benchmarks for certain benchmarks in cessation.

- The EC will be granted the power to replace when necessary: (i) “critical” benchmarks, which influence financial instruments and contracts with an average value of at least €500 billion and could thus affect the stability of financial markets across Europe; (ii) benchmarks with no, or very few, appropriate substitutes whose cessation would have a significant and adverse impact on market stability; and (iii) third country benchmarks whose cessation would significantly disrupt the functioning of financial markets or pose a systemic risk for the financial system in the Union. EU market participants will be able to use benchmarks administered in a country outside the EU until the end of 2023.
- The EC will be empowered to adopt a delegated act by 15 June 2023 to prolong this extension by a maximum two years until, but such an extension will have to be duly motivated.
- [Press release](#)
- [Adopted text](#)

BoE and FCA issue statement on completing sterling LIBOR transition by end-2021; *The Bank of England (BoE) and Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) have jointly published a [statement](#) on completing sterling LIBOR transition by end-2021.*

- The statement highlights that ICE Benchmark Administration has launched a consultation on ceasing publication of all sterling LIBOR settings at the end of 2021, and that the Working Group on Sterling Risk-Free Reference Rates has updated its priorities and roadmap to help businesses finish planning the steps they may need to take to transition away from LIBOR.
- In particular, the Working Group has recommended that, from the end of March 2021, sterling LIBOR is no longer used in any new lending or other cash products that mature after the end of 2021. Additionally, the Working Group has recommended that firms no longer initiate new linear derivatives linked to sterling LIBOR after the end of March 2021, other than for risk management of existing positions or where they mature before the end of 2021.
- The BoE and the FCA intend to continue working closely with firms to secure a smooth transition. Supervisors of regulated firms will continue to expect transition plans to be executed in line with industry-recommended timelines. Senior managers should expect close supervisory engagement on how they are ensuring their firm’s progress relative to industry milestones.

FMLC response to FCA consultation on the proposed policy with respect to the exercise of its powers in relation to LIBOR transition; *On 18 January, the FMLC published its response to the FCA’s consultation on its approach to new powers under the Financial Services Bill relating to LIBOR transition.*

- The FMLC highlights two broad areas of uncertainty, firstly, on the practicalities of intervention and the scale of the ‘tough legacy’ contracts. The FCA’s new powers would permit the publication of a “Transition LIBOR” in respect of the wind-down of legacy contracts. While this may create a welcome safety net, there is also an evident risk that it may give rise to mixed messages in regard to successor rates, setting Transition LIBOR up against other successor rates being used by market participants. In a world of multiple alternatives to LIBOR, disagreement may arise between the parties in situations in which the existing contract refers generally to a “successor rate” or where a term as to the interest payable should necessarily be implied as a matter of business efficacy.
- The FMLC highlights that there are likely to be differing views around the delimitation of the phrase “tough legacy” but, in light of the FCA’s apparent policy preference to transition the market away from LIBOR and towards the adoption of an RFR, reliance on a Transition LIBOR with a methodology which does not reflect this preference should be discouraged and the definition of “Tough Legacy” circumscribed tightly accordingly.
- The FMLC notes that it is not clear how the IBA’s proposals to continue the production of the USD LIBOR panel past 2021 will interact with transitional arrangements. Stakeholders have suggested to the FMLC that some market participants are transitioning existing contracts and relationships to USD LIBOR away from other currencies. It is to be doubted this was the intended effect of preserving the USD LIBOR panel. Secondly, the FMLC discusses issues concerning the use of LIBOR in foreign jurisdictions and the problem of potential conflict and overlap between the varying approaches.
- The FMLC urges the FCA to centre careful coordination with authorities around the world in exercising its power. [Read more](#)

The ISDA Fallbacks [Protocol](#) is now open for adherence, and has got off to a promising start, with [271 adherents](#) as of December.

- While the Protocol and Supplement are [efficient mechanisms](#) to amend derivative contract fallbacks, reversion to fallback is not the “officially” approved method of amendment. Applying to a wide range of Master and Credit Support Agreements, the Protocol’s coverage is extensive, if not universally supported by accompanying legal opinion.
- Though it seems likely that this somewhat convoluted method will suffice for adherents’ vanilla legacy derivative portfolios, the Protocol will be of no assistance for a range of more “complex” product types such as swaptions, or packages where the hedge must entirely accord with the underlying.
- Equally, there is no Protocol for loans or bonds; amendment for each broad product class will require careful bilateral handling, being fraught with the potential for litigation. While some vague hope of respite, in the form of a continued publication of a “synthetic” LIBOR, has been offered by the FCA in respect “difficult” legacy transactions,

- Regulators have been univocal in their insistence that end' 2021 will mark the end of the IBORs. The publication of the Protocol and Supplement mark the beginning of the largest repapering exercise yet undertaken by the market.

Continued focus on COVID-19 impacts into 2021

Regulators continue to finesse and refine their focus to ensure that firms respond appropriately and reduce the risk of customer harm, while the impact of the pandemic continues to be felt. In a noteworthy [speech](#) on market abuse, Julia Hoggett, FCA Director of Market Oversight commented that the regulator's "expectation is that going forward, office and working-from-home arrangements should be equivalent." A [report](#) on remote governance and controls looks at how firms can best continue to encourage this outcome during this period of sustained hybrid working.

- In terms of starting to remove concessions, the TPR has updated its [guidance](#) so that, from 1 January 2021, Defined Contribution pension schemes and providers will be asked to resume reporting late contribution payments.
- To ensure that firms are continuing to focus on key customer harms, the FCA has issued a steady stream of publications articulating its evolving regulatory expectations. There has been new confirmed [guidance](#) for dealing with consumer credit (including overdrafts) customers and additional [expectations](#) for helping consumers with cancellations and refunds with credit and debit card providers as well as insurance providers. The FCA is also consulting on new proposed [guidance](#) to further prompt insurers and premium finance firms to help customers reduce the impact of financial distress and ensure that customers continue to have insurance that meets their needs.
- Finally, the FCA has issued three Dear CEO letters to remind firms of their regulatory obligations in the light of COVID-19, two of them in relation to ensuring that firms maintain adequate client money arrangements (one [generally](#) and another just for [insurance intermediaries](#)). The third letter relates to [Business Interruption Insurance](#) and ensuring that insurers are keeping policyholders suitability updated following the outcome of the High Court judgement.

IM Phases 5 and 6

The veterans of Phases 1-4 need no reminding of the challenges represented by IM compliance and, with the exception of the Phase 1 custodian-onboarding bottleneck, the introductory phases of IM compliance have been relatively smooth going.

- Despite Regulatory acknowledgement and assistance via bifurcation and delay, the remaining two phases constitute a hugely significant, if not historic challenge. IM 5 and 6 differ from their antecedents primarily by the vast volume increase- 314 in-scope entities for Phase 5 and a further 775 for Phase 6.

- This amounts respectively to 3,616 and 5,443 counterparty relationships that require de novo documentation. The volume of Phase 5 alone represents a multiple of all other phases to date- combined. ISDA Create and online portals into the major custodians will introduce some marginal efficiencies, but compliance remains a complex task of negotiating and harmonising multiple documents.
- The typical new entrant IM “start to finish” time is 18 months, volume multiplication will not compress this timeline. Given the lack of experienced IM resource- 2021 should be the year of IM, regardless of what phase you expect to be.
- Cancellation of Phase 6, or further delay of either phase, is overwhelmingly unlikely.

CSDR

Delayed first by a lack of regulatory coordination, then by a one-year Coronavirus delay, market participants now have at least a chance to comply.

- The [likely](#) 1 February 2022 deadline is outside this note’s 2021 documentation doom remit, but will impact resources earlier. Although largely operational, requiring systems upgrade and testing to avoid settlement failure and subsequent penalties and buy-ins; the [settlement discipline regime of the CSDR](#) (“SDR”) is also a significant documentation challenge.
- This is particularly the case for custodians- the regulation requiring bilateral amendment across the board of their clients. While a typical financial firm will only face a limited number of custodians, the SDR imposes an operational burden and another amendment straw on the 2021 camel’s back.
- While the latest delay has enabled the UK to kick compulsory compliance into the post-Brexit wilderness, the regulation’s extensive extra-territorial effect will compel compliance, largely regardless of location.

Future regulatory framework takes shape

HM Treasury has issued the second phase of the review of the UK’s post-Brexit regulatory framework. This consultation focuses on the split of responsibilities between Parliament, the government and the regulators. The government and Parliament will set the policy framework for financial services, the strategic direction of financial services policy and, if they so decide, activity-specific policy. Working within this framework, the regulators will design and implement the regulatory requirements that apply to firms. Enhanced scrutiny and public engagement arrangements will help to ensure that the regulators are accountable for their actions and that stakeholders are fully engaged in the policy-making process. A fuller package of proposals will be issued next year.

Essentially, the regulators will be the rule-setters, but there will be more systematic consultation with HMT at an early stage in the policy-making process. EU legislation and regulations that have been “on-shored” to smooth the impact of the end of the transition period will, largely, be transferred to the PRA and FCA rulebooks. In the foreword, the Economic Secretary re-iterates that the UK remains committed to the highest standards of regulation and that it will continue to take its international responsibilities seriously. The government will continue to drive forward its policy agenda on innovation, stability, market integrity and customer protection, sound capital markets and openness.

Meanwhile, the FCA has been embedding the [Data Strategy](#) it released last year, by establishing a new, more empowered function to manage intelligence coming into the FCA.

Operational resilience – early responses

In a [speech](#) in October, Nick Strange, Senior Technical Advisor on Operational Risk and Resilience, noted that industry engagement with the PRA’s December 2019 consultation paper on operational resilience had been “impressive” and set out some early high-level feedback. Firms:

- Remain supportive of the proposed supervisory approach to operational resilience, particularly the focus on important business services
- Support the shift to assuming that disruption will occur, as this encourages development of response and recovery capabilities, but note that this should not divert attention from improving preventative and detective measures
- Welcome the proportionate approach set out in the CP
- Would like regulators to share good practice, encourage consistency of application of rules and guidance, and be consistent in both the principles and practical implementation of the new policy
- Are calling for international and domestic consistency, i.e. between different regulatory jurisdictions and global standard setters and with other policies such as recovery and resolution
- Are unsure how to assess the impact of disruption to their important business services on financial stability

The financial sector’s response to the pandemic has been effective, according to Mr Strange, but the job is far from done. Future threats to resilience may not be “*slow, prolonged and symmetric*” as COVID-19 was. Much has changed, from the thinking around business continuity to adjustment of risk appetites, to increased cyber risk. Understanding the operational resilience of third parties has become more important than ever.

On harmonisation of international regulation, despite differences in terminology, the UK and BCBS are aligned on core principles. However, “*different jurisdictions will probably*

have different views on what they consider critical or important. This is not fragmentation; this is just accepting reality."

On harmonisation of domestic policy, there is differing terminology for OCIR and operational resilience, but firms will be expected to have a coherent narrative for what is critical under the former and important under the latter. Work done to understand the interconnectivity of functions, business lines and services should be leveraged for both.

There are early indications that firms who had made the most progress implementing the operational resilience policy proposals were best able to respond to the pandemic – the PRA will be looking at this in more detail.

Closing in on zero or negative rates?

Back on the 12th October, the PRA issued an [information request](#) that aims to gauge specific firms’ operational readiness for a zero or negative Bank Rate. The BoE and PRA recognise that a negative policy rate could have far-reaching implications for firms’ business and customers and would also like to understand whether there are any technical operational challenges associated with the implementation of a zero or negative rate, in order to prepare for and prevent unintended operational disruption.

The request includes questions such as which important business services would be affected, what proportion of firms’ existing systems would be able to accommodate zero or negative rates, limitations of key systems and availability of tactical and strategic solutions to accommodate different rate environments. It also seeks information on potential costs and timeframes to implement the necessary changes and how preparations might differ between systems using a “flat” negative Bank rate and a “tiered” approach.

This is a pre-emptive exercise, and the information request is voluntary. The MPC has not indicated that it will move to a zero or negative rate – indeed, there appears to be divergence of opinion on the committee – but it has commenced structured engagement on operational considerations of a negative policy rate.

2. Regulatory Outlook and Diary

Q1 2021	US	Expected effective date for the FDIC, Federal Reserve, FCA, OCC and FHFA swap margin rules exempting interaffiliate swaps from initial margin requirements and allowing swaps to maintain legacy status when amended to replace an IBOR.
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Q1 2021	EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit the draft Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) specifying the details of the content and presentation of information in relation to the principle of 'do no significantly harm' under the EU Taxonomy Regulation (Article 8).
Q1 2021	EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit five Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) to specify requirements under the sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR), in particular: - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RTS on website disclosure of adverse environmental sustainability impacts at entity level (Article 4); - • RTS on pre-contractual disclosure for products promoting environmental and social characteristics (Article 8); - • RTS on pre-contractual disclosure for products with sustainable investment objectives (Article 9); - • RTS on promotion of environmental or social characteristics and sustainable investment on websites (Article 10); and - • RTS on disclosure in periodic reports (Article 11).
Q1 2021		The European Commission shall adopt delegated acts to specify the technical screening criteria with respect to 'climate change mitigation' and 'climate change adaptation', with a view to ensuring its application from January 1, 2022.
Q1 2021		By January 1, 2021, the European Commission is empowered to adopt a delegated act, identifying sectors to be excluded from the methodology of Paris-aligned benchmarks under the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR).
Late Q1 2021		Application of the MIFID II 'Quick-fix' with review of investor protection, investment research and commodity derivatives position limits regime. Publication in the official journal of the EU is expected in late Q1 2021. Entry in to force happens 21 days after publication and full application occurs 12 months after entry into force.
Q1 & Q2 2021		The European Commission is expected to adopt delegated acts, specifying requirements under the sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR) regulation.
Q1 & Q2 2021		Expected final adoption of the EU regulatory technical standards on the contractual recognition of stays under the 2nd Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD 2) by the European Commission

Q1 & Q2 2021	EU	As a result of the COVID-19 crisis, the European Commission will is now planning to publish its next banking legislative proposal (CRR III) in Q1 2021. The CRR III will transpose the market risk standards (FRTB) as a binding capital constraint, the output floor, the revised credit valuation adjustment framework, alongside operational and credit risk framework, amongst others. The proposal will also take into consideration the impact of the COVID-19 crisis on the EU banking sector
Q1 & Q2 2021		In the context of EMIR 2.2, ESMA shall submit a draft RTS develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying the conditions under which changes to a CCP's models and parameters are significant (EMIR article 49 (5)). ESMA has consulted on this topic on October 23, 2020. ISDA expects this RTS to be published on the official journal in 1H 2021.
Q1 2021		The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit five Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) to specify requirements under the sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR), in particular: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RTS on website disclosure of adverse environmental sustainability impacts at entity level (Article 4); - RTS on pre-contractual disclosure for products promoting environmental and social characteristics (Article 8); - RTS on pre-contractual disclosure for products with sustainable investment objectives (Article 9); - RTS on promotion of environmental or social characteristics and sustainable investment on websites (Article 10); and - RTS on disclosure in periodic reports (Article 11).
Q1 2021		The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit the draft Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) specifying the details of the content and presentation of information in relation to the principle of 'do no significantly harm' under the EU Taxonomy Regulation (Article 8).
1H 2021	India	Basel III: Expected SA-CCR implementation.
1H 2021	India	Basel III: Expected implementation of standards for the capitalization of banks' exposures to CCPs.
1H 2021	Korea	Expected designation of critical benchmarks and administrators under the Financial Benchmarks Act.
February 1, 2021	India	Effective date of the revised regulations for the CCIL FX Forwards and Rupee Derivatives clearing segments
February 1, 2021	India	Client clearing structure goes live for CCIL FX Forwards clearing segment.

February 04, 2021	US	Effective: CFTC Margin Requirements for Uncleared Swaps for Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants (See 86 Fed. Reg. 229 (January 5, 2021)).
February 08, 2021	US	Effective: CFTC Exemption From Derivatives Clearing Organization Registration (See 86 Fed. Reg. 949 (January 7, 2021))
February 16, 2021	US	Effective: CFTC Swap Execution Facility Requirements (See 85 FR 82313 (December 18, 2020)).
February 19, 2021	US	Expiration of an extension of relief to market participants, DCMs and SEFs from certain Part 45 reporting obligations in connection with the execution of swap transactions accepted for clearing by DCOs exempted from DCO registration or operating pursuant to no-action relief. Relief was also granted pertaining to certain data field reporting requirements in Parts 43 and 45 (CFTC Letter No. 18-03).
February 24, 2021	US	Effective: CFTC final rule amending margin requirements to allow the application of a minimum transfer amount (MTA) of up to \$50,000 for each separately managed account (SMA) of a legal entity that is a counterparty to an SD or MSP in an uncleared swap transaction and to permit the application of separate MTAs for initial margin (IM) and variation margin (VM). (See 86 Fed. Reg. 6850-6860 (January 25 2021)).
March 1, 2021	US; EU; Switzerland; Japan; Canada; Singapore; HK; Australia; Korea; Brazil; RSA	Three-month calculation period begins to determine whether the average aggregate notional amount of derivatives for an entity and its affiliates exceeds relevant threshold for initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2021.
March 10, 2021	EU	Requirements under EU Regulation 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR), in addition to those applicable from December 29, 2019, shall apply from March 10, 2021.
March 31, 2021	US	Expiry of relief provided in CFTC NAL 20-03, 20-04, and 20-09 from oral recordkeeping provisions due to COVID-19 (See extension in CFTC NAL 21-04).
March 31, 2021	India	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR requirement of 90%.
March 31, 2021	Indonesia	Basel III: Expiration of revised LCR & NSFR requirement of 85%.

March 31, 2021	Indonesia	Basel III: Expiration of 2.5% CCB exemption.
March 31, 2021	Korea	Basel III: Expiration of revised foreign currency LCR of 70% and total LCR of 85% requirements.
April 2021	Korea	Expected implementation of trade reporting regime under the FSC Regulations on Financial Investment Business.
April 01 2021	Australia	Earliest date for revised APS 220 Credit Risk Management to come into effect.
April 01 2021	India	Basel III: Exemption of non-centrally cleared derivatives from large exposures calculation framework expires.
April 01 2021	India	Basel III: NSFR implementation.
April 01 2021	India	Basel III: Capital Conservation Buffer (2.5%) phased in from March 2016.
April 01 2021	Japan	Earliest date that the net stable funding ratio will be implemented.
April 05 2021	Indonesia	Effective date for amended timings for JISDOR.
April 15 2021	US	Expiry of timestamping relief provided in CFTC NAL 20-03, 20-04, and 20-09 due to COVID-19 (See extension in CFTC NAL 21-05).
May 2021	Australia	Expected 2 nd ASIC consultation on updating the Australian reporting regime.
June 01 2021	US	Three-month calculation period begins under US prudential regulations to determine whether the material swaps exposure, or daily average aggregate notional amount, of swaps, security-based swaps, FX swaps and FX forwards for an entity and its affiliates that trade with a US swap dealer exceeds \$8 billion for the application of initial margin requirements as of September 1, 2022.
June 01 2021	EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit draft RTS on the presentation and content of 'climate change mitigation' and 'climate change adaptation' disclosures under the EU Taxonomy Regulation.
June 01 2021	EU	The European Commission shall adopt a Delegated Act (DA) to specify the presentation and content of the information to be disclosed under the EU Taxonomy Regulation, including methodology by entities under scope of the Non-Financial Reporting Directive (NFRD) in accordance with the EU Taxonomy Regulation Article 8.
By June 12, 2021	Japan	Revised trade reporting rules to require mandatory derivatives reporting to the designated trade depository only (eliminating the direct reporting to JFSA) to be

		implemented. JFSA shall draft the cabinet office ordinances that specifies the details of the revised rules with implementation date in coming months.
June 18, 2021	EU	Changes to the clearing obligation under EMIR Article 4 enter into force. Clearing members and clients which provide clearing services shall provide those services under fair, reasonable, non-discriminatory and transparent commercial terms (FRANDT). The European Commission shall specify these conditions via a delegated act. In addition, trade repositories have to, in accordance with EMIR Article 78, establish procedures and policies regarding the transfers, reconciliations, completeness and correctness of data.
June 26, 2021	EU	Full application of the investment firms review (published in the official journal of the EU on December 5, 2019), including changes to MiFID 2/ MiFIR third country regime
June 28, 2021	EU	Implementation date for the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio and the standardized approach for counterparty credit risk under the CRR II capital requirements text.
June 30, 2021	EU	Requirements under EU Regulation 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial sector (SFDR) with respect to entity-level requirements on website disclosure in relation to adverse sustainability impacts shall apply.
June 30, 2021	Hong Kong	Basel III: Effective date of BCAR 2020 and SA-CCR implementation.
June 30, 2021	Hong Kong	Date by which AIs should cease to issue new LIBOR-linked products that will mature after 2021.
June 30, 2021	Hong Kong	Date by which AIs should cease to issue new LIBOR-linked products that will mature after 2021.
Q3 2021	Australia	Expected publication of the updated ASIC reporting regime, with a 1-year implementation period.
July 1, 2021	Singapore	Implementation date for revised reporting standards for banks to reduce duplicate data submissions under MAS Notices 610 and 1003.
July 5, 2021	US	Compliance date for Post-Trade Name Give-Up on Swap Execution Facilities for swaps not subject to the trade execution requirement.
July 12, 2021	US	Compliance date for CFTC Electronic Risk Principles (See 86 Fed. Reg. 2048-2077 (January 11, 2021))
July 21, 2021	US	Effective: Federal Reserve, OCC and FDIC final rules for net stable funding ratio (available at: www.federalreserve.gov/newsevents/pressreleases/files/bcreg20201020b1.pdf Awaiting publication in Federal Register).
August 6, 2021	US	Counting date for thresholds in SBS entity definitions per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).

August 31, 2021	Korea	Expiry of exemption from margin requirements for single stock equity options.
September 2021	EU	As a result of COVID-19, both the European Banking Authority (EBA) and the European Commission (EC) have now acknowledged there will be operational challenges to maintain the original Q1 2021 start date for the Standardised Approach (SA) reporting requirements under the CRR II market risk standard. They have both indicated in official statements that September 2021 would be the new start date for the SA reporting obligations.
September 1, 2021	Australia Singapore Hong Kong Korea Japan Canada Switzerland US EU	Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 APRA covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding AUD 75 billion. Singapore Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 MAS covered entities with an aggregate notional amount exceeding SGD 80 billion. Initial margin and risk mitigation requirements apply to Phase 5 HKMA AIs and SFC LCs with an aggregate notional amount exceeding HKD 375 billion. Initial margin requirements apply to financial institutions with derivatives exceeding more than KRW 70 trillion. Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 JFSA covered entities with an aggregated notional amount exceeding JPY 7 trillion. Initial margin requirements apply to Phase 5 OSFI covered entities with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding CAD 75 billion. Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties whose aggregate month-end average position exceeds CHF 50 billion. Initial margin requirements apply to counterparties with an aggregate average aggregate notional amount exceeding EUR 50 billion (per draft EMIR RTS). Initial margin requirements apply to covered swap entities with average aggregate daily notional amount exceeding USD 50 billion. South Africa Initial margin requirements apply to a provider with aggregate month-end average notional amount exceeding ZAR 23 trillion.
September 14, 2021	US	Compliance date for CFTC Rules for Cross-Border Application of the Registration Thresholds and Certain Requirements Applicable to Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants
September 30, 2021	Malaysia	Basel III: Phase 2 of NSFR implementation commences (100% minimum).
By Oct 01 2021	EU	The European Commission (EC) shall adopt delegated acts, in accordance with BMR Article 49, to specify the rules of procedure for the exercise of the power to impose fines or periodic penalty payments, including provisions on rights of defence, temporal provisions and the collection of fines or periodic penalty payments, and the limitation periods for the imposition and enforcement of fines and periodic penalty payments. In addition, the EC shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 49 in order to supplement this Regulation by specifying the type of fees, the matters for which fees are due, the amount of the fees and the manner in which they are to be paid.

Oct 01 2021	Singapore	Commencement of reporting of equity, commodity and FX derivative contracts booked or traded in Singapore by finance companies, subsidiaries of banks incorporated in Singapore, insurers and holders of CMS licenses with annual aggregate gross notional amount of specified derivatives contracts of more than S\$5 billion, and all significant derivatives holders.
October 6, 2021	US	Registration compliance date: This the earliest compliance date for several rules applicable to SBS entities per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
October 6, 2021	US	Compliance date: CFTC Capital Requirements for Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants
October 8, 2021	Singapore	Commencement of risk mitigation requirements for non-centrally derivative contracts under Regulation 54B of the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Conduct of Business) Regulations
November 01 2021	US	Registration applications due from SBS dealers that incur a registration obligation on the counting date per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 01 2021	US	Registration applications due from major-SBS participants that incur a registration obligation as a result of SBS activities in their quarter ending September 30, 2021 per SEC Security Based Swap final rules (See 84 Fed. Reg. 6270-6354 (February 4, 2020) and 84 Fed. Reg. 6359-6417 (February 4, 2020)).
December 01 2021	Malaysia	Expected deadline for banks to elect to apply the transitional arrangements for regulatory capital treatment of accounting provisions.
December 30 2021	EU	The European Supervisory Authorities (ESMA, EBA, EIOPA) shall submit a RTS to specify website disclosures of adverse social sustainability impacts at entity level (Article 4) under the sustainability-related disclosures in financial sector regulation (SFDR).
December 30 2021	UK	LIBOR phase out deadline.
December 31 2021	EU	All benchmark administrators in scope of the European Benchmarks Regulation (BMR), with the exception of currency and interest rate benchmarks, have to explain in their benchmark statement how their methodology aligns with the Paris agreement.
December 31 2021	EU	The European Commission shall adopt Delegated Acts (DAs) to specify the technical screening criteria with respect to 'the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources', 'the transition to a circular economy', 'pollution prevention and control' and 'the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystem' (Article 9 (c) -(f)), with a view to ensuring its application from January 1, 2023.
December 31 2021	EU	The European Commission shall publish a report describing the provisions that would be required to extend the scope of the EU Taxonomy regulation beyond environmentally sustainable economic activities and describing the provisions that would be required to cover economic activities that do not have a significant

		impact on environmental sustainability and economic activities that significantly harm environmental sustainability ("Brown Taxonomy") and whether other sustainability objectives such as social objectives should be added to the framework.
December 31 2021	EU	CCP R&R (Article 96): The European Commission (EC) shall review the application of Article 27(7) (Requirement to for the resolution authority to write down and convert any instruments of ownership and debt instruments or other unsecured liabilities immediately before or together the use of a government stabilization tool). The EC shall submit a report thereon to the European Parliament and to the Council accompanied where appropriate by proposals for revision of this Regulation.

3. Regulatory Activities and Initiatives Inventory

COVID-19		
UK	BoE & PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Andrew Bailey, Governor of the Bank of England, on the future for business investment in the age of COVID-19 and the role of financial services • November 2020 Monetary Policy Report • Report on how COVID-19 has affected household savings • Statement by the PRA on COVID-19 guidance for firms • Speech by Tom Mutton, Director of FinTech at BoE, on FinTech through COVID-19 and beyond. • Speech by Andy Haldane, Chief Economist at BoE, "Is homeworking good for you?"
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated expectations on Approved Persons Regime (APR) and coronavirus. • Updated expectations on SM&CR and coronavirus for solo-regulated firms. • Updated joint FCA and PRA statement on the SM&CR and COVID-19: expectations of dual-regulated firms. • Final guidance for firms on mortgages and COVID-19 • Final guidance for firms in relation to consumer credit and COVID-19 • Written cases for the Supreme Court appeal of business interruption insurance • Speech by Nikhil Rathi, Chief Executive Officer of the FCA, on the FCA's response to COVID-19 and his vision for the future

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Nikhil Rathi, Chief Executive Officer of the FCA, on future challenges and priorities for the FCA • Statement on progress of certain FCA projects in light of COVID-19 and changing market conditions
	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • COVID-19 business loan scheme statistics.
EU	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional clarity on the implementation of select COVID-19 policies, including on moratoria, COVID-19 reporting, operational risk, downturn LGD, and credit risk mitigation. • Statement calling for banks to apply a conservative approach on dividends and other distributions in light of COVID-19. • Report on benchmarking of national insolvency frameworks across the EU • Report on the use of COVID-19 moratoria and public guarantee schemes by EU banks
	ECB Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Announcement on extension of pandemic emergency longer-term refinancing operations. • Speech by Philip Lane, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on the role of monetary policy in the pandemic, focussing on the ECB and the Euro area. • Report on consumption patterns and inflation measurement issues during COVID-19 • Speech Luis de Guindos, Vice-President of the ECB, on the Banking Union and Capital Markets Union after COVID-19 • Speech by Isabel Schnabel, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on lessons learned from COVID-19 and the non-bank liquidity crisis • November 2020 Financial Stability Review • Speech by Isabel Schnabel, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on the monetary policy challenges facing central banks • Speech by Yves Mersch, member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on the legal aspects of the European Central Bank's response to the COVID-19 pandemic • Speech by Luis de Guindos, Vice-President of the ECB, on the euro area financial sector in the pandemic crisis
	ECB - SSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recommendation on dividend distributions during the COVID-19. • Dear CEO letter on remuneration policies in the context of the COVID-19.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dear CEO letter on identification and measurement of credit risk in the context of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. • Speech by Kerstin af Jochnick, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on the recovery from COVID-19 and the regulatory response • Presentation by Edouard Fernandez-Bollo, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on facing up to the challenges posed by COVID-19 and Brexit • Speech by Andrea Enria, Chair of the Supervisory Board of the ECB on the supervisory challenges of COVID-19 and beyond
	SRB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Elke König, Chair, on the next steps for banks in coping with COVID-19. • Speech by Sebastiano Laviola, Member of the Board at the SRB, on bank resolution in times of uncertainty • Speech by Elke König, Chair of the SRB, on bank resolvability and COVID-19
	EIOPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on ORSA in the context of COVID-19.
International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bulletin on recovery from an “uneven recession” following COVID-19. • Speech by Agustín Carstens, General Manager of the BIS, on how the challenges and priorities in a global pandemic represent a delicate moment for supervisors. • Speech by Benoit Coeure, Head of the BIS Innovation Hub, on the financial system after COVID-19. • Speech by Jens Weidmann, President of Deutsche Bundesbank, on the potential long-term effects of the COVID-19 crisis on the economy and on monetary policy. • Speech by Ed Sibley, Deputy Governor of Prudential Regulation at the Central Bank of Ireland, on the unprecedented challenges facing SMEs • Speech by Mr Luis de Guindos, Vice-President of the ECB, on the Euro area financial sector during COVID-19 • Speech by Margarita Delgado, Deputy Governor of the Bank of Spain, on consumers and the post-COVID-19 mortgage market • Speech by Pablo Hernández de Cos, Chair of the BCBS, on the European response to COVID-19

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Olli Rehn, Governor of the Bank of Finland, on rethinking the ECB's strategy in the world of low rates • Speech by Luis de Guindos, Vice-President of the ECB, on the banking union and capital markets union after COVID-19 • Statement from Governors and Heads of Supervision committing to an ongoing coordinated approach to mitigate COVID-19 risks to the global banking system and endorsing the future direction of Basel Committee work • Panel remarks by Agustín Carstens, General Manager at the BIS, on rebuilding better banks, central banks and governments in a COVID-19 economy.
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter from Randal Quarles, Chair of the FSB, on the vulnerabilities in the financial system exposed by COVID-19 and new and emerging risks. • Report on the financial stability impact of COVID-19 and policy responses • Discussion on responses to COVID-19 and non-bank financial intermediation • 2020 Resolution Report • Article by Randal Quarles, Chair of the FSB, on cooperation as the foundation of a resilient global financial system
	IOSCO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report on the impact of COVID-19 on retail market conduct.
	IMF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blog on how digitisation can help support the global recovery from COVID-19 • Blog on addressing urgent financing needs arising from COVID-19 • Speech by Kristalina Georgieva, Managing Director of the IMF, on lessons from the Global Financial Crisis in the age of COVID-19 • Report on Global Financial Stability and assessment of the key vulnerabilities to which the global financial system is exposed. • o annex
Brexit		
UK	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement published, including a joint declaration to establish a framework for regulatory cooperation for FS

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Annex • The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 have been made, including an explanatory memorandum. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Annex • The Financial Holding Companies (Approval etc.) and Capital Requirements (Capital Buffers and Macroprudential Measures) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 have been made, including an explanatory memorandum. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Annex • Call for evidence on the overseas framework for cross border FS. • Guidance on the open access regime for exchange traded derivatives. • Equivalence decisions for the EEA states published. A guidance document on the UK's equivalence framework and an annex setting out the lead regulator for each piece of legislation, were also published alongside • Annex 1 • Annex 2 • Statement by Rishi Sunak, Chancellor, setting out the UK Government's ambition for the future of UK financial services following the UK's departure from the EU (with this link to the FCA's response) • Summary of responses, and HMT's decisions on final policy design, following the consultation on a new permanent legislative framework enabling UK market access for Gibraltar-based financial services firms • UK Government's approach to legislating for the overseas funds regime • New webpage, consolidating guidance and information for FS providers and consumers on preparing for the end of the transition period • Statement outlining amendments to existing Statutory Instruments (SIs) to ensure the preparedness of the UK's FS regulatory framework for the end of the transition period. • Call for evidence on the Solvency 2 review. • Phase two consultation of the Financial Services Future Regulatory Framework Review.
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	Parliament	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treasury Committee launches inquiry into the future of financial services after the end of the transition period • House of Lords EU Services Sub-Committee invites contributions to its ongoing enquiry into financial services after the end of the transition period
	BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amendments under the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, including the final PRA Rulebook (EU Exit) Instrument, PRA transitional direction, and related guidance documents. • Joint BoE/PRA statement of policy detailing their approach to interpreting EU guidelines and recommendations following the UK's withdrawal from the EU and the end of the transition period. • Bank of England statement acknowledging HMT equivalence decisions
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement and explanatory note on use of the Temporary Transitional Power (TTP) to modify the UK's derivatives trading obligation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Annex • Draft transitional direction for the share trading obligation. • Supervisory statement on the MiFID Markets Regime after the end of the transition period. • Final Brexit onshoring instruments and TTP directions. • Approach to interpreting reporting and disclosure requirements under Capital Requirements Directive and Capital Requirements Regulation after the end of the transition period. • Instructions on the Financial Instruments Transparency System. • Updated list of third-country markets considered as equivalent to a UK regulated market under UK European Market Infrastructure Regulation. • Updated webpage on Handbook rules relating to BRRDII.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement on changes to open banking identification requirements after the end of the Brexit transition period • Statement on the Share Trading Obligation and use of the Temporary Transitional Power • Response to HMT's equivalence decisions and what they mean for firms
	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final policies on the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD) V and Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) II. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Annex • Supervisory statement on how firms should interpret existing non-binding PRA regulatory and supervisory materials in light of the UK's exit from the EU. • Supervisory statement on the approach it expects firms to take when interpreting EU-based references found in reporting and disclosure requirements and regulatory transactions forms following the UK's exit from the EU. • Supervisory statement on setting out its expectations on deposit-takers in regard to depositor protection rules following the end of the transition period. • Updated statement of policy on its approach to publishing Solvency II technical information after the end of the transition period. • Statement on the EU requirement on the prudential treatment of software assets. • Updated webpage on the effect of the UK's withdrawal from the EU on financial market infrastructure supervision. • Statement on the application of the temporary transitional power to CRD5 and BRRD2 derived legislation • Second consultation on CRD5 implementation.
EU	EU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement published, including a joint declaration to establish a framework for regulatory cooperation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Annex • Time-limited equivalence decision for UK Central Securities Depositories adopted and published in the Official Journal. It will enter into force on 1 January and lapse on 30 June 2021

	ECB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Occasional paper on economic analyses on the potential impact of Brexit.
	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited recognised as third-country central securities depositories after the end of the transition period. • Public statement that clarifies the application of the EU's trading obligation for shares (STO) following the end of the UK's transition from the EU on 31 December 2020. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Annex 1 • Endorsement of credit ratings elaborated in the United Kingdom after end of transition period.
	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change in the status of Simple, Transparent and Standardised securitisation transactions at the end of the transition period. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Annex o Annex • Proposal to amend EMIR implementation timelines for intragroup transactions, equity options and novations to EU counterparties <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Annex 1 o Annex 2 • Endorsement of credit ratings elaborated in the United Kingdom after end of transition period.
Banking		
<i>Prudential</i>		
UK	BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update on the Bank's approach to the Climate Biennial Exploratory Scenario in selected areas. • Statistical release of the external business of Monetary Financial Institutions operating in the UK in 2020 Q3. • Mortgage lenders and administrators' statistics - Q3 2020. • December 2020 Financial Stability Report and Financial Policy Summary. • Treasury Select Committee hearing on Financial Stability Report. • Statement on MREL and resolvability deadlines, and Discussion paper on the approach to setting MREL. • Paper on capital flows during COVID-19, and lessons for a more resilient international financial architecture. • Speech by Sam Woods, Chief Executive Officer of the PRA, on a more proportionate prudential regime for small banks and building societies

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Sir Jon Cunliffe, Deputy Governor of Financial Stability at the PRA, on the impact of leveraged investors on market liquidity and financial stability • Working paper on banks' reaction to anticipated capital reliefs • Quarterly bulletin on the Resolvability Assessment Framework • Consultation on updates to the PRA's policy on Operational Continuity in Resolution (OCIR). • Consultation on amendments to reporting and disclosure dates for resolution assessments.
	<p>PRA</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulatory Digest - November 2020. • Consultation paper on holding company regulatory transaction fees. • Policy statement on simplified obligations for recovery planning. • Decision regarding Systemic Risk Buffer Rates. • Statement on capital distributions by large UK banks. • Letter from Sarah Breeden, Executive Director of the PRA and Melanie Beaman, Director, on 2021 supervisory priorities for UK Deposit Takers. • Letter from David Bailey, Executive Director and Rebecca Jackson, Director, on 2021 priorities for International Banks Supervision. • Final policy on the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive II. • Updated supervisory statement on buffers and thresholds in relation to minimum requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL). • Updated supervisory statement on implementing capital buffers. • Updated supervisory statement on Groups and methods of consolidation. • Updated supervisory statement on the ICAAP and the SREP. • Updated policy statement on methodologies for setting Pillar 2 capital. • Supervisory statement on remuneration. • Guidelines for completing regulatory reports. • Updated supervisory statement on the PRA's approach to branch supervision for liquidity reporting.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated supervisory statement on internal governance of third country branches. • Updated approach to identifying other systemically important institutions (O-SIIs). • Updated approach to the implementation of the O-SII buffer. • Statement on the EU requirement on prudential treatment of software assets. • Working paper on whether bail-in has increased market discipline • Letter from Sarah Breeden, Executive Director of UK Deposit Takers • Supervision, to UK banks on remediation of the prudential treatment of legacy instruments • Policy statement on the calculation of risks not in value at risk (VAR), and stressed value at risk (sVAR) under the market risk framework • Working paper on the effect of the separation of retail and investment banking • Report on buy-to-let mortgages, and how lenders account for tax when assessing affordability • Statement on forthcoming CRD5 Policy Statement
	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revised special resolution regime code of practice. • Joint statement on the planned timings for CRR2 and IFPR implementation • Annex 1
	EU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interim study on the development of tools and mechanisms for the integration of ESG factors into the EU banking prudential framework and into banks' business strategies and investment policies. • Q&A on tackling non-performing loans.
	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidelines on legislative and non-legislative moratoria. • Final draft RTS on the treatment of non-trading book positions subject to foreign-exchange risk or commodity risk under the FRTB framework. • Basel III monitoring report. • Opinion to the European Commission on proposed amendments to the EBA final draft RTS on IRB assessment methodology. • Updated Basel III impact assessment. • Final technical standards on the contractual recognition of stay powers under BRRD2.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation paper on RTS to calculate risk weights of collective investment undertakings. • Consultation paper on amending standards on benchmarking of internal models. • Final draft technical standards on capital requirements of non-modellable risks under the FRTB. • Report on the application of simplified obligations and waivers under BRRD2. • Proposal on appropriate methodology to calibrate O-SII buffer rates. • Update to reporting framework 3.0 and technical standards on Pillar 3 disclosure. • Final technical standards on estimation of Pillar 2 and combined buffer requirements for setting MREL. • Final technical standards on reporting of MREL decisions from authorities to EBA. • Opinion on the potential inclusion of AML/CTF risks in the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) • Final draft technical standards and Guidelines on assessment methodology and disclosure for global systemically important institutions • Announcement on timing for publication of the 2020 EU-wide transparency exercise and Risk Assessment Report • Methodology for the 2021 EU-wide stress test • Report on the effect of the unwind mechanism of the liquidity coverage ratio • Final guidelines on the appropriate subsets of exposures in the application of a systemic risk buffer. • Consultation response supporting the harmonisation of creditworthiness assessments for consumer credit across the EU. • Final draft regulatory technical standards specifying the prudential treatment of software assets.
	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Published its annual Public European Common Enforcement Priorities for 2020.
	ECB - SSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blog post by Elizabeth McCaul, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on the need for, and benefit of, strong credit risk management. • 2020 significance assessment review, stating the ECB will directly supervise 115 banks from 1 January 2021.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interview with Andrea Enria, Chair of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on dividend payments. • Speech by Elizabeth McCaul, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on bank boards and supervisory expectations. • Speech by Elizabeth McCaul, member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on transatlantic views on the next stage for European banking supervision • Consolidated banking data for end-June 2020 • List of supervised entities (as of 1 October 2020) • Speech by Andrea Enria, Chair of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on the case for cross-border banks • Letter from Andrea Enria, Chair of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, to Mr Schirdewan, MEP, on the supervision of Wirecard Bank AG.
	ECB Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Christine Lagarde, President of the ECB, and Luis de Guindos, Vice-President of the ECB, on the ECB's monetary policy decisions. • Occasional paper on liquidity in resolution, comparing frameworks for liquidity provision across jurisdictions. • Statement that Denmark will join Eurosystem's TARGET services. • Frank Elderson nominated as Vice-Chair of the Supervisory Board. • Report giving an overview of the Eurosystem Integrated Reporting Framework • Cost-benefit assessment questionnaire on the Integrated Reporting Framework for the banking industry • September 2020 euro area bank interest rate statistics • Results of the September 2020 survey on credit terms and conditions in euro-denominated securities financing and over-the-counter derivatives markets (SESFOD) • Occasional paper on liquidity in resolution, estimating possible liquidity gaps for specific banks in resolution and in a systemic crisis
	ECOFIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement of the Eurogroup on the ESM reform and the early introduction of the backstop to the Single Resolution Fund
	ESRB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working paper on the retrenchment of euro area banks and international banking models

	SRB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expectations for ensuring the resolvability of banks engaging in mergers, acquisitions and other corporate transactions. • Publication of MREL dashboard, setting out an overview of MREL requirements for banks under the SRB's remit. • Article by Jan Reinder De Carpentier, Vice-Chair of the SRB, on the common backstop to the Single Resolution Fund. • Final SRB valuation data set and explanatory note. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Annex • Updated Permission Regime for the Reduction of Eligible Liabilities. • 2021-2023 Multi-Annual Programme covering its priorities over the next three years (including achieving resolvability amongst EU banks, fostering a robust resolution framework, crisis management, and the operationalisation of the Single Resolution Fund)
International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidelines on supplemental note to external audits of banks - audit of expected credit loss. • Basel III monitoring results based on end-December 2019 data. • Report to G20 Leaders on Basel III implementation • Working paper on the macro-financial effects of international bank lending on emerging markets • Working paper on whether commercial property markets affect bank equity prices • Details on the 2020 global systemically important banks (G-SIBs) assessment • Speech by Carolyn Rogers, Secretary General of the BCBS, on research and the BCBS
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2020 list of global systemically important banks (G-SIBs) • 2020 Annual report on the implementation and effects of the G20's financial regulatory reforms • Report on the March 2020 market turmoil • Update on work to address market fragmentation.
Conduct		
UK	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Second annual financial inclusion report • Guidance on disguised remuneration following the outcome of the independent loan charge review

	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portfolio letter to Mainstream Consumer Credit Lenders (MCCLs). • Mortgage lending statistics - December 2020. • Sheldon Mills appointed Executive Director, Consumers and Competition. • Occasional Paper No. 58: Understanding consumer financial wellbeing through banking data. • Board Minutes: August 2020. • Board Minutes: September 2020. • Call for Input for the review into change and innovation in the unsecured credit market
	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation paper on joint PRA and FCA Chapter clarifying expectations for temporary, long-term absences of Senior Managers. • Report on the evaluation of the SM&CR. • Working paper on the role of leverage in liquidity management • Letter from Sam Woods containing an information request to banks and insurers concerning their operational readiness for a zero or negative Bank rate.
EU	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opinion on strengthening the connection between the EU legal frameworks on anti-money laundering, terrorist financing, and deposit protection. • Second EBA report on the application of the guidelines on product oversight and governance (POG) arrangements
	ECB as a Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blog post by Isabel Schnabel, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, titled "Don't take it for granted: the value of high-quality data and statistics for the ECB's policymaking".
	ECB - SSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opinion piece by Yves Mersch,, regarding the ECB "raising the bar on bank governance". • Letter from Andrea Enria, Chair of the Supervisory Board, to Mr Melo, member of the European Parliament, on the appointment of national central bank governors.
	SRB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Elke König, Chair of the Single Resolution Board, to the European Parliament at the ECON Committee on 27 October 2020.
International	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement on reprioritisation of the FSB work programme

	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Isabel Schnabel, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on the importance of trust for the ECB's monetary policy. • Speech by Lael Brainard, Member of Board of Governors at the US Federal Reserve, on modernizing and strengthening Community Reinvestment Act regulations.
Capital Markets		
Prudential		
UK	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Anil Kashyap, External member of the Financial Policy Committee, on the “dash for cash” and the liquidity multiplier
	BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual report on the supervision of financial market infrastructures in 2020.
EU	ECOFIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conclusions on the European Commission's action plan for the CMU.
	ECB Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report on the interconnectedness of derivatives markets and money market funds through insurance corporations and pension funds
	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report on significant risk transfer (SRT) in securitisation transactions, and detailed recommendations to the European Commission on the harmonisation of practices and processes applicable to the SRT assessment
	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Latest double volume cap data under MiFID II. • Final guidelines on stress test scenarios under the MMF regulation. • Final guidance to address leverage risks in the Alternative Investment Fund sector. • Updated Q&A on OTC requirements and reporting issues under EMIR. • Updated Q&A on the implementation of investor protection topics under MiFID II / MiFIR, including information on costs and charges. • Updated guidance on waivers from pre-trade transparency for equity and non-equity instruments. • Updated Q&A on the European Benchmarks Regulation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ annex • Report on post trade risk reduction services (PTTR), analysing whether any trades that directly result from PTTR should be exempted from the clearing obligation

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Third annual report on EU derivatives markets, covering market structure and market trends • Quarterly update on notification thresholds for net short positions on sovereign debt • Report on the size and structure of EU securities markets
International	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Announcement regarding FSB continuity of access to FMIs for firms in resolution, including an informal summary of outreach and Q&As. • Guidance on financial resources to support CCP resolution and on the treatment of CCP equity in resolution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ annex
	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statistical release on OTC derivatives at end-June 2020
	IOSCO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review of Money Market Funds recommendations and events arising from the March 2020 market turmoil
Conduct		
UK	BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Andrew Hauser, Executive Director for Markets at the Bank of England, on the retirement of LIBOR • Announcement regarding BoE signing up to ISDA's IBOR Fallbacks Protocol. • Updated MoU signed with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission on
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement on MiFID trade reporting and position limit obligations. • Speech by Julia Hoggett, Director of Market Oversight at the FCA, on market abuse during COVID-19. • Requirements and directions under the FSMA 2000 (Over the Counter Derivatives etc.) Regulations 2013 regarding the information to be contained in an application for, or a notification of, an exemption under paragraph 8 or 9 of EMIR.
	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy statement paper on amendments to the Benchmarks Regulation to support LIBOR transition.
	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation paper on the approach to recognition of overseas Internal Ratings Based (IRB) credit risk models.
EU	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on the review of CSDR. • Adoption of CSDR RTS, further postponing settlement discipline measures until 1 February 2022.

	<p>ECOFIN</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proposed amendments to the benchmark’s regulation on exemptions of certain third country foreign exchange benchmarks and the designation of replacement benchmarks for certain benchmarks in cessation • Capital Markets Recovery Package: Council endorsement of targeted amendments to EU capital market rules. • Announcement on Council agreeing its position on the Capital Markets Recovery Package.
	<p>EBA & ESMA</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draft technical standards under EMIR REFIT. • Consultation paper on MIFID II/MIFIR review report on algorithmic trading. • Response to IASB's discussion paper 'Business combinations - disclosures, goodwill and impairment'. • Annual report on the application of accepted market practices under MAR. • Consultation report on procedural rules for penalties imposed on Benchmark Administrators. • Report on CSDR implementation covering central securities depositories' (CSDs) cross border services and handling of applications as well as internalised settlement • Results of ESMA's fast track peer review identifying the deficiencies in supervision of Wirecard's financial reporting • Updated list of Competent Authorities responsible for the authorisation and supervision of Central Securities Depositories (CSDs) • H2 2020 Risk Dashboard • List of trading venues and CCPs benefiting from a transitional exemption from the access provisions under MiFIR, which do not need to comply with access provisions for exchange traded derivatives • New Q&As on SFTR Reporting • New Q&A on product governance and the implementation of investor protection topics under the Market in Financial Instruments Directive and Regulation (MiFID II/MiFIR) • Updated Q&As on securitisation topics and guidelines on portability of information between Securitisation Repositories.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public Consultation on Articles 15 and 49 of EMIR – this consultation covers technical standards in relation to authorisation for a CCP and validations of CCP’s changes to models. • Consultation, aimed at clarifying common procedures for supervisory review, on guidelines under Article 21 of EMIR, which sets out an obligation for NCAs to review processes and mechanisms implemented by central counterparties and to evaluate the risks they are exposed to. • Announcement on addition of UK venues to opinions on third-country trading venues. • Final report on amendments to the Market Abuse Regulation (MAR) for the promotion of the use of SME Growth Markets.
International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Klaas Knot, President of De Nederlandsche Bank (DNB) on the importance of the Capital Markets Union • Report submitted by a study group chaired by Andréa M Maechler on FX execution algorithms and market functioning.
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Announcement regarding FSB publishing a global transition roadmap for LIBOR.
	IOSCO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report on suitability requirements with regards to the distribution of complex financial products.
Investment Management		
Prudential		
UK	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on updating the UK’s Prudential Regime before the end of the Transition Period.
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation paper on the new prudential regime for UK investment firms.
EU	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on EBA's new guidelines on internal governance for investment firms under the IFD/IFR
International	IOSCO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industry survey on exchange-traded funds.
Conduct		
UK	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portfolio Letter for SIPP operators. • Treasury, Bank of England and FCA convene working group to facilitate investment in productive finance.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report on the evaluation of the Retail Distribution Review (RDR) and the Financial Advice Market Review (FAMR). • Update of position limits for certain commodity derivative contracts. • Confirmation that the temporary ban on speculative mini-bond mass-marketing is to be made permanent. • Announcement regarding the commencement of High Court proceedings over unauthorised collective investment schemes • Public email correspondence on upcoming changes to the way major shareholding notifications will be reported to the FCA • Policy statement with final rules on prohibiting the sale to retail clients of derivatives that have certain types of cryptoassets underlying them which determine their performance.
EU	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final guidance to address leverage risk in the AIF sector. • Translations for Guidelines on performance fees in UCITS and certain types of AIFs • Consultation on the Guidelines on the MiFID II/ MiFIR obligations on market data • Consultation on Guidelines on marketing communications under the Regulation on cross-border distribution of funds • Third annual report on use of sanctions for UCITS • Report in response to an ESRB recommendation calling on investment funds with significant exposures to corporate debt and real estate assets to prepare for potential future adverse liquidity and valuation shocks
	ECON	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on a review of the ELTIF to evaluate the effectiveness of the ELTIF framework and to determine why the ELTIF market has not developed as expected. • Consultation on the review of AIFMD seeking views on how the AIFMD can be amended to ensure a more efficient EU AIF market.
International	IOSCO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on issues and concerns regarding market data in secondary equity markets.
Fintech & Cyber		
UK	BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Andy Haldane, Chief Economist of the Bank of England and Member of the Monetary Policy

		<p>Committee, on seizing the opportunities from digital finance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minutes from the first meeting of the joint BoE/FCA Artificial Intelligence Public-Private Forum.
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement on the benefits of the FCA's new data collection platform, RegData • Application windows for two regulatory sandboxes opened. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Annex • Statement on the FCA participating in GFIN cross-border testing of financial products and services.
	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Victoria Cleland, Executive Director for Banking, Payments and Innovation at BoE, on cross-border payments and innovating in a changing world
	TPR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement urging the industry to make a pledge to combat pension scams
EU	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
	ECB Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Article by Christine Lagarde, President of the ECB, on the future of money • Speech by Fabio Panetta, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on stablecoins and their implications for the payments market, financial sector and overall economy • Working paper on the open-economy implications of introducing a central bank digital currency • Speech by Fabio Panetta, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on delivering efficient, inclusive and secure payments in the digital age • Announcement stating that the ECB has intensified its work on a digital euro. • Consultation on a Eurosystem oversight framework for electronic payment instruments, schemes and arrangements.
	ECB - SSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Pentti Hakkarainen, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on digitalising banking supervision • Speech by Pentti Hakkarainen, Member of the Supervisory Board of the ECB, on banks' cyber resilience in the digital world.
	EIOPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidelines on information and communication technology security and governance, including cyber security capabilities.

International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Article on the digitisation of the payments landscape • Working paper on how entering the UK's regulatory sandbox affects Fintechs' ability to raise funding • Working paper on the risks and potential of stablecoins and what this implies for their regulation • Speech by Frank Elderson, Executive Director of Supervision at the Dutch Central Bank, on a digitalisation boost due to COVID-19 and the supervisory response. • Speech by David Ramsden, Deputy Governor for Markets and Banking, to mark the launch of the BoE/FCA's Artificial Intelligence Public Private Forum. • Speech by François Villeroy de Galhau, Governor of the Bank of France, on the digital revolution in payments. • Speech by Denis Beau, First Deputy Governor of the Bank of France, on how the FinTech ecosystem can contribute to a more efficient and stable financial system.
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion paper on regulatory and supervisory issues relating to outsourcing and third-party relationships • Virtual workshop on assessing the financial stability implications for BigTech firms in finance in emerging market and developing economies • Note on responses to the public consultation on effective practices for cyber incident response and recovery. • Publication of the toolkit of effective practices for financial institutions' cyber incident response and recovery. • Report on the use of supervisory and regulatory technology by authorities and regulated firms. • Final report and recommendations on the regulation, supervision and oversight of global stablecoin (GSC) arrangements. • Enhancing Cross-border Payments: Stage 3 roadmap.
	IMF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy paper on potential macro-financial effects of the use of central bank digital currencies and global stablecoins across borders.
Sustainable Finance		
UK	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UK Government and UK regulators' TCFD Taskforce interim report and roadmap

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UK Government and UK regulators' joint statement of support for IFRS Foundation consultation on sustainability reporting • Speech by Andrew Bailey, Governor of the Bank of England, on pushing ahead on tackling climate change • Statement on the resumption of the Climate Biennial Exploratory Scenario (CBES)
	TPR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blog on a changing climate for pension trustees.
	PRA / BOE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Andrew Hauser, Executive Director for Markets at the BoE, on "how financial markets are finally getting a grip on how to price climate risk and return".
	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy statement on proposals to enhance climate related disclosures by listed issuers and clarification of existing disclosure obligations. • Speech by Nikhil Rathi, Chief Executive Officer of the FCA, on rising to the climate challenge • Speech by Richard Monks, Director of Strategy at the FCA, on building trust in sustainable investments
EU	EBA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on incorporating ESG risks into the governance, risk management and supervision of credit institutions and investment firms
	ECB as a Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working paper on green asset pricing.
	ECB – SSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final guide on climate-related and environmental risks • Report on institutions' climate-related and environmental risk disclosures
	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Steven Maijoor, Chair, on the paradoxes of sustainability reporting • Consultation on its draft advice to the EC under Article 8 of the Taxonomy Regulation
	EIOPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Announcement of a Sustainable Finance Roundtable on the 16th of December.
International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Denis Beau, First Deputy Governor of the Bank of France, on how controlling the risks posed by climate change to financial stability implies developing and standardising non-financial information. • Speech by Lael Brainard, Member of the Board of Governors on strengthening the financial system to meet the challenge of climate change.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remarks by Mr Kevin Stiroh, Executive Vice President of the Financial Institution Supervision Group of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, on a microprudential perspective on the financial risks of climate change • High-level summary of the BCBS TFCR industry workshop on climaterelated financial risks • Speech by Mr. Kevin J Stiroh, Co-chair of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Risks of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision and Executive Vice President of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, on a new regulatory and policy landscape for sustainable finance
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FSB encourages use of TCFD's recommendations as the basis for climate-related financial risk disclosures. • Annual status report on TCFD-aligned disclosures by firms
	IMF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Tao Zhang, Deputy Managing Director of the IMF, on green finance and a sustainable recovery
Other		
UK	FCA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report of the Independent Investigation into the FCA's Regulation of London Capital & Finance plc. • Andrew Bailey's (former CEO of the FCA) statement on the FCA's supervision of London Capital and Finance. • Quarterly consultation paper on miscellaneous amendments to the Handbook. • Proposed guidance for insolvency practitioners on how to approach regulated firms. • Final guidance on proportionality under the Dual regulated firms Remuneration Code. • H1 2020 aggregate complaints data. • December 2020 Financial Policy Summary and Record • Policy statement on the delay to the implementation of European Single Electronic Format
	PRA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement regarding supervisory cooperation on operational resilience • Working Paper on whether regulatory and supervisory independence affect financial stability • Speech by Nick Strange, Director of the Supervisory Risk Specialists directorate at BoE, on resilience in a time of uncertainty.

	HMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation on insolvency changes for payment and electronic money institutions. • Guidance on notifications threshold under the Short Selling Regulation. • Publication of the Green Book containing international guidance on how to appraise and evaluate policies, projects and programmes • Consultation on the Reform to Retail Prices Index (RPI) Methodology • Spending Review 2020 documents
	CMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research paper on loyalty price discrimination.
EU	ECB as a Central Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Occasional paper on fiscal transfers and economic convergence. • Study on the payment attitudes of consumers in the euro area. • Eurosystem staff macroeconomic projections for the euro area. • Distribution of responsibilities amongst the Members of the Executive Board of the ECB and the Chief Services Officer. • Speech by Fabio Panetta, Member of the Executive Board of the European Central Bank "From the payments revolution to the reinvention of money". • Interview of Isabel Schnabel, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on the ECB's monetary response to COVID-19 • Hearing of Christine Lagarde, President of the ECB, at the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs of the European Parliament • Staff paper on the case for central bank independence, including a review of key issues in the international debate.
	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Joint Statement on the 2nd Meeting of the EU-Japan Joint Financial Regulatory Forum • Statement on the agreement reached between the European Parliament and the European Council on financial benchmarks
	ECOFIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leaders' Declaration at the G20 Riyadh Summit
	ESMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointment of Vojtech Belling (Czech National Bank) and Vasiliki Lazarakou (Hellenic Capital Markets Commission) to the Management Board.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guidelines on cloud outsourcing • SMSG advice on 2021 Annual Work Programme. • ESAs' Board of Appeal dismisses case against ESMA on alleged nonapplication of Union law. • Annex 1 • Annex 2 • Steven Maijoor, Chair at ESMA, speaks at the ESAs Annual ECON Committee Hearing.
	EIOPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decision on legal case against EIOPA on alleged non-application of Union law <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Annex 1 ○ Annex 2
International	BIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Speech by Jens Weidmann, President of the Deutsche Bundesbank and Chair of the Board of Directors of the BIS, on challenges in the European payments market. • Speech by Fabio Panetta, Member of the Executive Board of the European Central Bank, on keeping cyber risk at bay. • Report on enabling open finance through APIs. • Speech by Pablo Hernández de Cos, Chair of the BCBS, on statistical production and economic policymaking • Speech by Dr Jens Weidmann, President of the Deutsche Bundesbank, on the relationship between monetary and fiscal policy • Working Paper on housing booms, reallocation and productivity • Speech by Klaas Knot, President of the Dutch Central Bank, on relaunching growth in Europe together. • Speech by Andy Haldane, Chief Economist at the BoE, on avoiding economic anxiety.
	G7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guide on Fundamental Elements of Cyber Exercise Programmes.
	FSB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FSB Chair's letter to G20 Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors in October 2020.
	IMF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Article on the threat posed by cyber risk to financial stability. • Speech by Kristalina Georgieva, IMF Managing Director, on financial inclusion and cybersecurity in the digital age.

